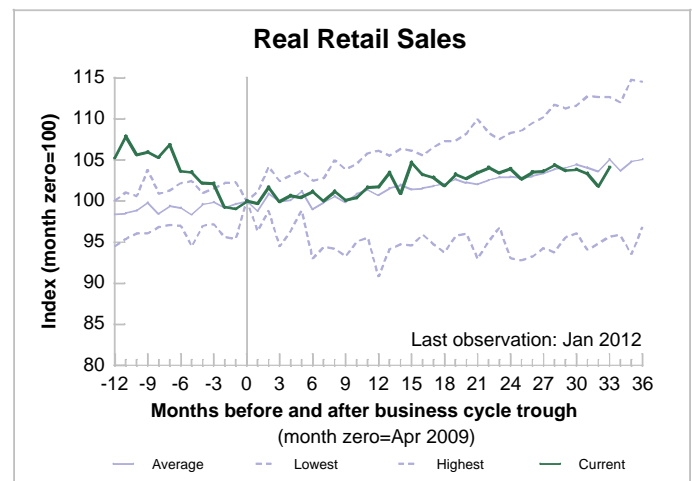
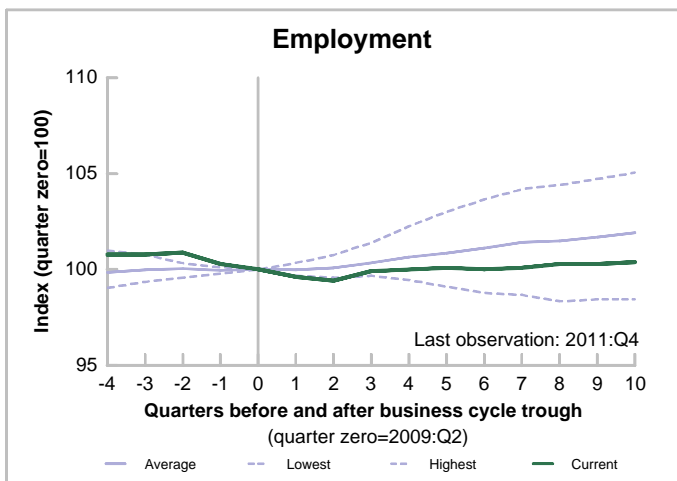
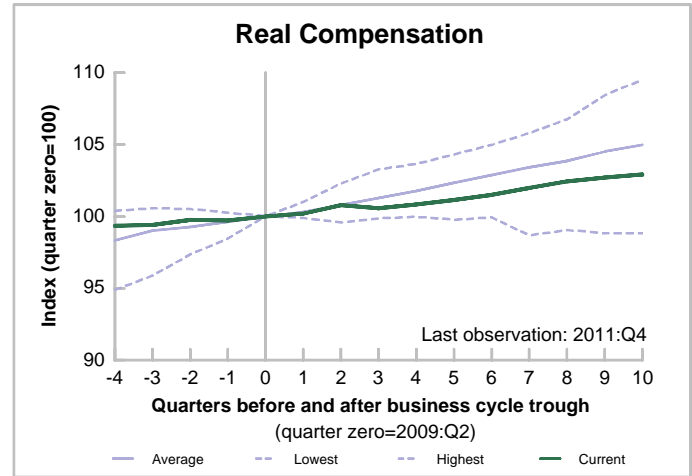
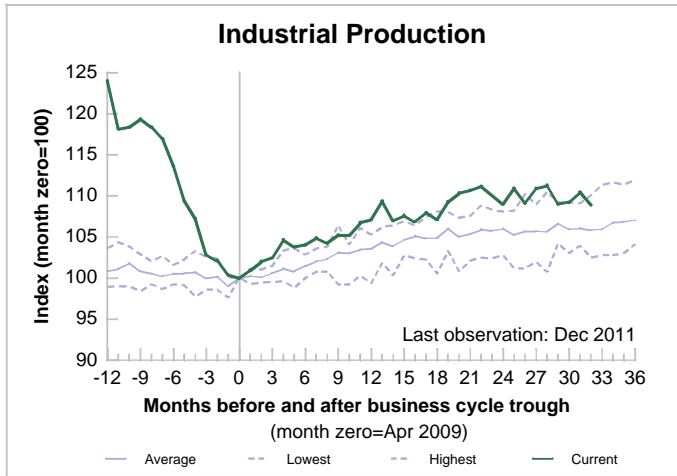


Tracking the Global Expansion: Economic Indicators - France



Data last updated 2012-04-29.

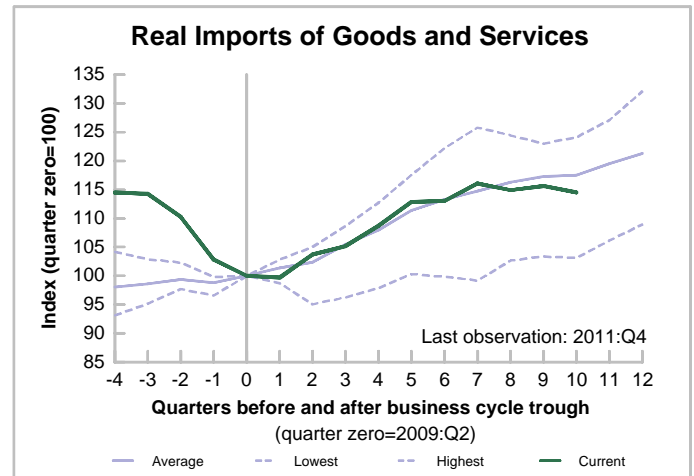
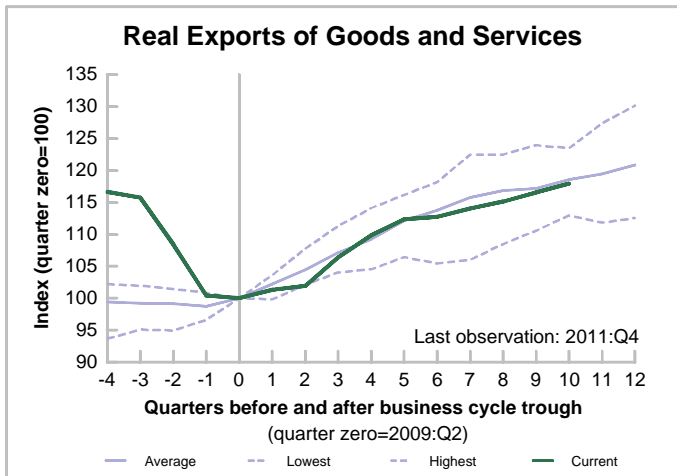
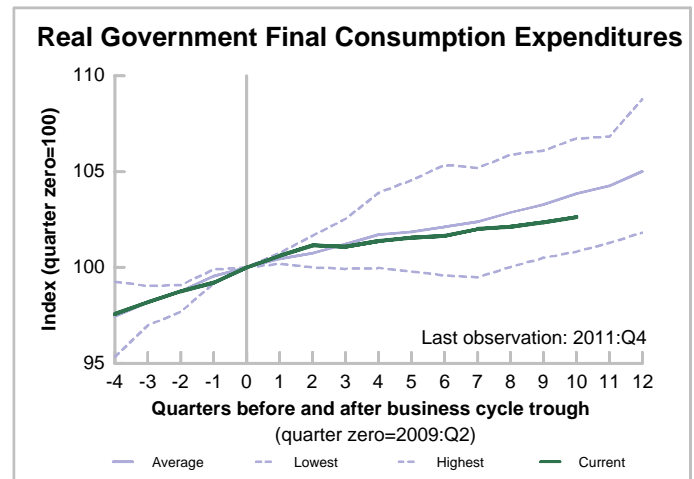
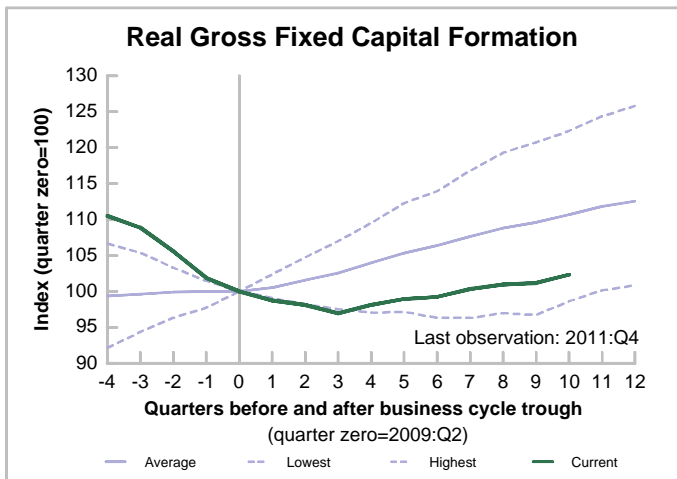
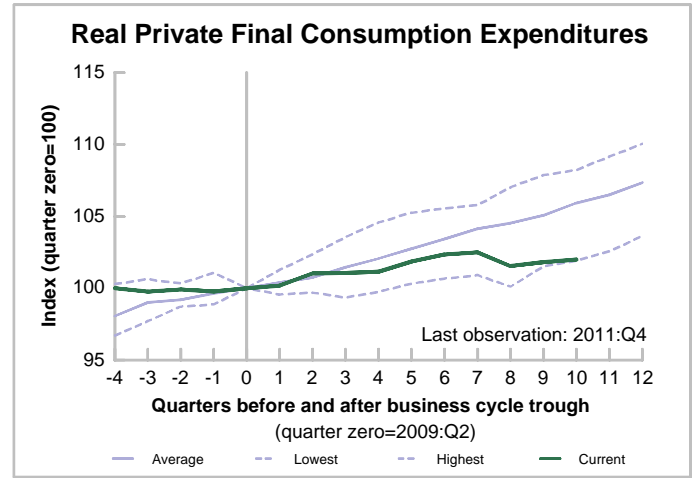
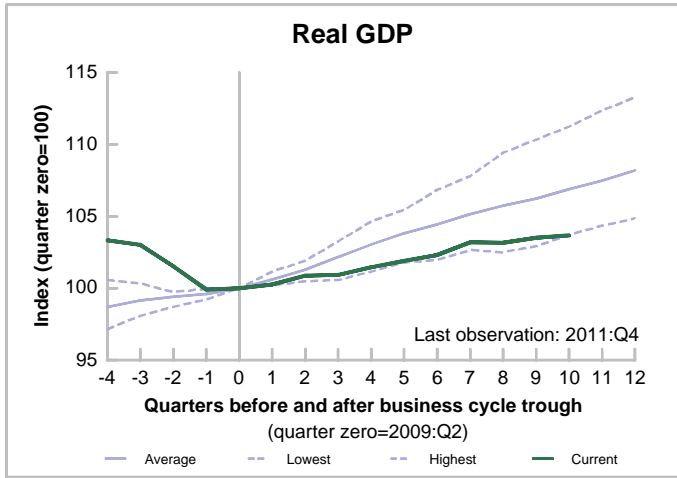
NOTE: The charts plot four main economic indicators similar to those tracked by the [NBER](#) dating committee for the U.S.; each series is indexed to 100 at the business cycle trough. The green line indicates the [current expansion](#). The solid blue line indicates the average of the [previous six expansions](#), starting with the October 1982 trough. The two dashed lines report the highest and lowest values recorded across these previous expansions.

SOURCE: *Main Economic Indicators and Quarterly National Accounts*, © Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development (OECD), <<http://www.oecd.org>>.

Industrial Production (industry excluding construction); Real Compensation (compensation of employees deflated by the price index for private consumption); Civilian Employment; Real Retail Sales (value of retail sales deflated by the consumer price index: all items [seasonally adjusted by the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis])

2010 Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis: research.stlouisfed.org

Tracking the Global Expansion: GDP Data - France



Data last updated 2012-04-29.

NOTE: The charts plot Real Gross Domestic Product (SA, Chained) and its major components; each series is indexed to 100 at the business cycle trough. The green line indicates the [current expansion](#). The solid blue line indicates the average of the [previous six expansions](#), starting with the October 1982 trough. The two dashed lines report the highest and lowest values recorded across these previous expansions.

SOURCE: *Quarterly National Accounts*, © Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development (OECD), <<http://www.oecd.org>>.

NOTES and SOURCES

FRANCE

The charts plot four main economic indicators, similar to those tracked by the [NBER](#) dating committee for the U.S., and Real Gross Domestic Product and its major components; each series is indexed to 100 at the business cycle turning point. The red (green) line indicates the [current](#) recession (expansion). The solid blue (gray) line indicates the average of previous recessions (expansions). The two dashed lines report the highest and lowest values recorded across these previous recessions (expansions).

The data and recession dates used in the international charts are from the Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development (OECD).

BUSINESS CYCLE TURNING POINTS:

Peak Dates

- August 1979
- February 1984
- March 1990
- February 1995
- March 1998
- January 2001
- March 2008

Trough Dates

- October 1982
- February 1987
- July 1993
- November 1996
- March 1999
- July 2003
- April 2009

SOURCE: http://www.oecd.org/document/29/0,3343,en_2649_34349_35725597_1_1_1_1,00.html

DATA DESCRIPTIONS:

The following data series are used to create the charts:

- Industrial Production
 - Industry excl. Construction
- Real Compensationⁱ
 - Compensation of Employees
 - deflated by the Price Index for Private Consumption
- Employment
 - Civilian Employment
- Real Retail Sales
 - Value of Retail Sales
 - deflated by the Consumer Price Index: All Itemsⁱⁱ
- Real Gross Domestic Product
- Real Private Final Consumption Expendituresⁱⁱⁱ
- Real Gross Fixed Capital Formation^{iv}
- Real Government Final Consumption Expenditures^v
- Real Exports of Goods & Services
- Real Imports of Goods & Services

ⁱ U.S. = real income; International = real compensation.

ⁱⁱ Seasonally adjusted by the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis.

ⁱⁱⁱ U.S. = personal consumption expenditures;
International = private final consumption expenditures.

^{iv} U.S. = gross private domestic investment;
International = gross fixed capital formation.

^v U.S. = government consumption expenditures and gross investment;
International = government final consumption expenditures.